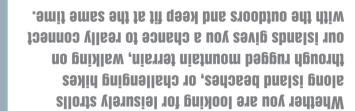
## In brief

## **Category: Moderate walk**

**Map Reference: OS Landranger 31** and Pathfinder NF71 / 81 / NF60 / 70

Walking Distance: 8.5km / 5.25 miles

**Time:** Allow 3 hours



**Nu.05.29bird9dr9tuotisiv.www :fisiv** download other walking and cycling routes, of bns noitsmrotni srom rol

#### Scottish Outdoor Access Code

moo.bnelfoos-seessecobtuo.www on access rights and responsibilities can be found at: responsibly and respect the rights of others. Full information Scotland has some of the best access laws in the world - you have the right to walk on most land, provided you behave

#### If you keep to the following guidelines you won't

- Do not disturb livestock or wildlife go far wrong:
- Keep dogs under control, especially at lambing time
- ment bruct uoy se setee event
- Take all your litter home
- Park your car without blocking access for
- other vehicles.

# Explore ...

www.visitouterhebrides.co.uk www.visitouterhebrides.co.uk/apps



Our walking and cycling routes are part of a series of self-guided trails through the Outer Hebrides. For more information

= Other Walking & Cycle Routes

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# OUTER HEBRIDES

:esues nommoo Staying safe whilst walking is mostly a matter of **Vidioor Safety** 

Check the weather forecast before you set out

Wear appropriate clothing and footwear

you expect to arrive Always tell your accommodation owners what time

to nee them • Always bring a map and compass with you - and know how

www.visitouterhebrides.co.uk/visitor-info taxis in case you have problems on the walk or return Take bus timetables and phone numbers for local

eseesib-emy/l/snoitibno/l/su.zhn.www after walking. Further advice can be found at: your trousers are tucked into your socks and check yourself avoid them hitching a lift! Cover your arms and make sure • Ticks are often found in the heather. Dress appropriately to

Wear repellent and they will be less likely to bother you! Similarly, midges are prevalent at certain times of year.

> .fit sop bus vis destit. our islands or just to get out, enjoy the to ageitian bus violation, busies of top of of a chance to get to explore the outdoors, with walks Our islands offer great opportunities

> .ztnetidedni bnelzi pniticxe reditants. the nature reserves or walks to spot eagles, or opt for wildlife walks, such as hiking through Choose coastal walks around the Outer Hebrides

slong the way. monuments providing ample points of interest of hiking trails take in historic sites and Charlie trail walks in Uist, while a selection History lovers can choose the Bonnie Prince

"!yew adt prole sainoq and hopefully some Eriskay Statue of Our Lady of Fatima ent (colleag a'Phrionnsa), the **Bonnie Prince Charlie's Beach** to sbngs stidw pninnuts sht , dorund, St Michael's Church, mere the S.S Politician ran views of the Sound of Eriskay ni səhbi hlew pninnuts sidT"



#### **The Route**

#### Drive across the causeway from South **Uist and discover the delights the** island of Eriskay has to offer.

This walk takes in spectacular views from Loch Crakavaig to the stunning white sands of Bonnie Prince Charlie's Beach (Coilleag a'Phrionnsa), the Statue of Our Lady of Fatima and hopefully some Eriskay ponies along the way!

Starting at the community hall, (parking available) the route follows the road towards am Baile, passing am Politician, the cemetery, along Coilleag a'Phrionnsa beach and over to Acarsaid. The route then returns back via the water station at Loch Crakavaig and along the main road back to the community centre.

#### S.S Politician

.......

**1** From the community hall turn left and walk up a small hill. Turn left down into Baile and on your right, you will see the local pub 'Am Politician', named after the S.S Politician. The 8,000 ton cargo ship S.S Politician ran aground in the Sound of Eriskay. Her cargo was general but causing the most excitement was the contents of Number Five hold - 22,000 cases of whisky!

It was February 1941, the difficult years of World War 2 and life was hard. Goods were hard to come by in the island and none more so than whisky. To the people of Eriskay and the surrounding islands the 'Polly' was a Godsend. They raided, they plundered and as one can imagine, they had a jolly good time. Some of the events which followed the grounding of the ship inspired Compton Mackenzie's famous novel and Whisky Galore films.

#### Coilleag a' Phrionnsa beach



## **Coilleag** a'Phrionnsa

**3** Follow the track from the old graveyard and you will come to Coilleag a' Phrionnsa beach. On July 23rd 1745 that Charles Edward Stuart (Bonnie Prince Charlie) arrived in his sloop 'Le Du Teillay' to begin the great Jacobite Rising of 1745-46.

Walk about three quarters of the way along the beach to Sgeir na h-Airidh Samhraidh, the small outcrop of rocks on the shore, where the Prince is reputed to have stepped ashore on Scottish soil. Directly up from these rocks, on top of the dune, is the cairn erected by the schoolchildren of Eriskay to mark the spot. Look out for the

**Eriskay Shop and Community centre** 

#### harbour and when you reach pink convolvulus flower which is the trees you should notice said to have grown from seeds the paintings depicting the gathered by Charles while he was waiting on the French

are usually in bloom in July/

You can also follow in his

footsteps along the Bonnie

Prince Charlie trail which starts

www.bonnieprincecharlietrail.

Walk right along to the other

end of the beach and walk up

up to the main road. Turn left

along the road and then turn

right at the junction towards

the footpath, which will take you

August.

in Eriskay.

co.uk

Acarsaid.

Stations of the Cross on the rock face up to the right. coast and which subsequently Follow the paintings up the dropped from his pocket on his hill. They were painted in arrival in Eriskay. The flowers 1970 by the parish priest at the time Father Calum Macneill on slates taken from

Acarsaid

4 Follow the road to the

the Parish Church, St Michaels when it was reslated. At the top you will be rewarded with a panoramic view

## Loch Crakavaig

5 Follow the track on the short climb up to Loch Crakavaig, past the water station and enjoy the spectacular view.

Loch Crakavaig is the source of Eriskay's fresh water supply. In this area keep an eye out for a glimpse of the rare Eriskay ponies. These ponies, Scotland's native horse can be traced unchanged throughout history. Now numbering less than 300 in the United Kingdom (only around 20 in Eriskay) they are recognised as endangered and registered as such by the

Descend the hill and continue along the road to the right. Off the road, on your left, a strange rock formation (some 12m long) is indicated by a waymarker. Follow the way markers across a stile, along the shore and up the hill fence until you see a lily covered loch hidden away in a small dip. Nearby at the end of the walk is a secluded little bay where you might catch sight of otters.

Retrace your steps and head back along the road towards the junction at the main road. Before you reach the junction, turn up to the right to Loch Crakavaig

Rare Breeds Survival Trust. Comann Each nan Eilean (The Eriskay Pony Society) was founded in 1972 to save the breed from extinction. The ponies are very amenable, docile and intelligent and because of their hardiness relatively easy to keep especially in their natural habitat.

Descend the hill and join the main road. You will pass the Statue of Our Lady of Fatima, erected on the site of the original Catholic church of Eriskay and you will eventually end up back at the community centre.

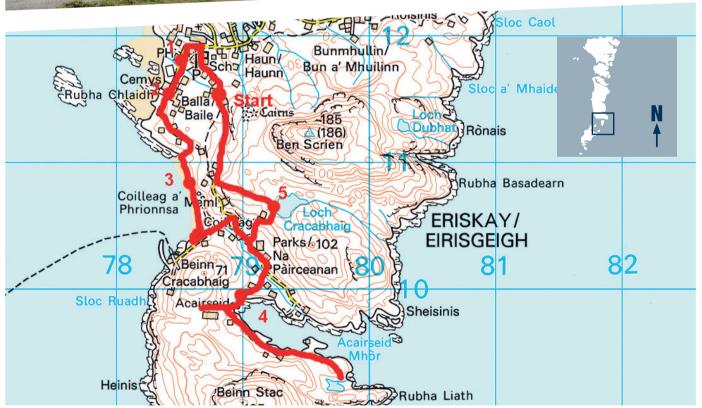


"Loch Crakavaig is the source of Eriskay's fresh water supply. In this area keep an eye out for a glimpse of the rare Eriskay ponies. These ponies, Scotland's native horse can be traced unchanged throughout history."

**Father Allan** Macdonald

building which the islanders had used for worship since 1852 Father Allan is howeve





**2** Go past the new cemetery to visit the old one beyond. Along the right-hand wall is the grave of Father Allan Macdonald, a man remarkable for his time. Originally from Lochaber, he came to Eriskay in 1894. Whilst here he built St Michaels Church, in its elevated position overlooking almost all of the parish to replace the existing thatched

better remembered as a poet, bard and a Gaelic scholar, making important collections of folktales and producing a dictionary of Gaelic words from South Uist and Eriskav. He was the inspiration of many a Gaelic scholar at the time. He died and was buried in Eriskay in 1905 aged only 46.



Design: we-are-bright.com





